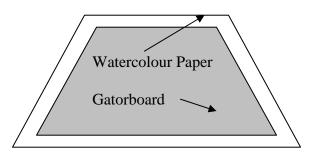
Steps to Varnishing a Watercolour

It is important to note that I use only recognized, artist quality products. Therefore when people ask me if the colours and/or the brilliance of the watercolour stands up over time with this process, I tell them that the product manufacturers such as Golden Acrylics guarantee their products and it is these assurances that I rely on.

- 1. I paint the watercolour as per usual on 140 Cold Press paper. I predetermine the size of my painting so that it corresponds with a standard size picture frame size. For example, a 16" x 20" frame would mean that my paper size (painting) should be at least $16\frac{1}{2}$ " x $20\frac{1}{2}$ ". The excess will be trimmed later.
- 2. When the watercolour is fully dry and with the painting side up, I thumb tack the corners to a rigid board such as foam core.
- 3. I take it to a well-ventilated area and with the painting lying completely horizontal; I give it a light coating using Golden's Acrylic Spray. You can give it a second light coat after about an hour or 2 but try not to go too heavy with each coat. Follow the directions for nozzle distance and motion. This spray application fixes (seals) the watercolour pigment.
- 4. 24 hours later I bring the painting back into my studio (you may still smell lingering aerosol fumes) and remove the thumb tacks.
- 5. I have purchased a sheet of ½" gatorboard from my art supplier. The gatorboard becomes the mounting surface for the watercolour.
- 6. Using Golden's gel medium (glue) I coat both the entire back of the watercolour paper and one surface of the gator board (which has been pre-cut to 16" x 20").
- 7. On a clean substrate I place the watercolour face down (i.e. glue side up) and then position the pre-glued gatorboard over the W/C paper and allow both glued surfaces to make contact.
- 8. Ensure the painting is parallel with the bottom and top edge of the gatorboard. This becomes an issue if you have a composition such as a landscape where the distant horizon must be level or you will have an optical conflict. Abstracts may get away with unevenness. You should be able to see about a ¼" of excess W/C paper all around.
- 9. Turn the glued pieces over with the painting facing up and using a 1" to 1½" wallpaper roller, I lightly work any bubbles from the centre to the outer edge of the gator board. Don't press too firmly or you could indent the paper and gator board.
- 10. When I'm satisfied the bubbles have been removed and the painting is still even I prepare a clean surface area and place the painting and gatorboard with the painting side down on the surface.
- 11. I place a piece a ½ inch sheet of acrylic (Plexiglas) roughly 24 inches x 30 inches on the gatorboard and then I evenly stack about 20 to 30 lbs of art books on top and leave them for 24 hours.
- 12. The next day I remove the weight and using an exacto knife I trim the excess watercolour paper edge so that the paper is now 16 in x 20 in.
- 13. Now the painting is ready to receive the final 4 to 5 coats of Golden's acrylic varnish which can be purchased in matte, satin or gloss finish.
- 14. I apply the final coats with a good quality 2" acrylic brush and use a top to bottom brush stroke which prevents possible overhead light reflections. Allow a minimum of an hour between coats.
- 15. Place the fully dried painting into the frame and hang it.



Watercolour image side down